

CONSERVATION OF ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE

Fall 2018

PROJECT: Petra logo & interpretation sign

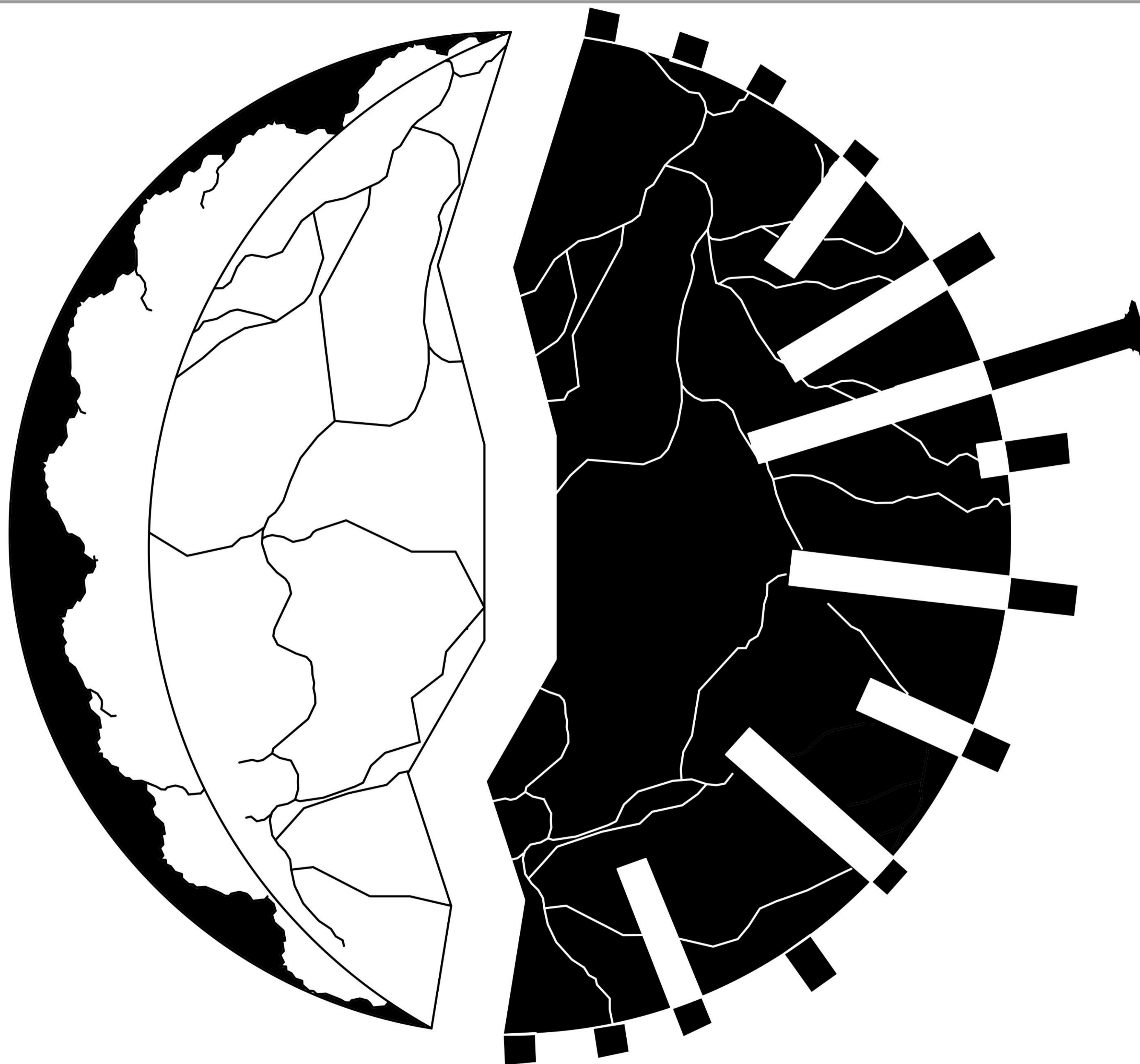
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4th Year

Fall 2018

HU ARCHITECTURAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
CONSERVATION OF ARCHITECTURAL HERITAGE
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The Rose City

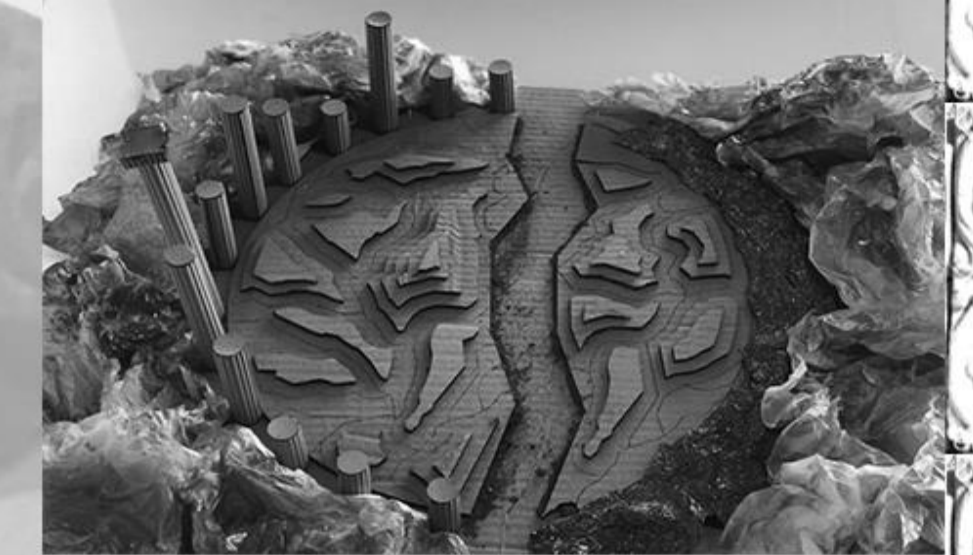


Established in the 4th century as the capital of the Nabatean kingdom which gained them considerable revenue and became the focus of their wealth



1812 It was rediscovered by Johann Ludwig Burckhardt

The early Islamic era Petra became abandoned where only a handful of nomads lived



In 312 BC Petra was attacked with an order from Antigonus. The Nabateans were able to rebel attacks by utilizing the area's mountainous terrain

Petra's importance declined as sea routes emerged and after an earthquake destroyed many structures



1st century AD Petra flourished when its famous Khazneh structure was constructed and its population peaked at an estimate of 20,000 inhabitants



106 AD They lost their independence to the Romans who annexed and renamed it "Arabia Petraea"

DONE BY: MERNA WAEL
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The Byzantine era witnessed the construction of several Christian churches but the city continued to decline

